

Thematic Network Colorectal Cancer

Webinar 27 May, 2020

Challenge & Best Practice

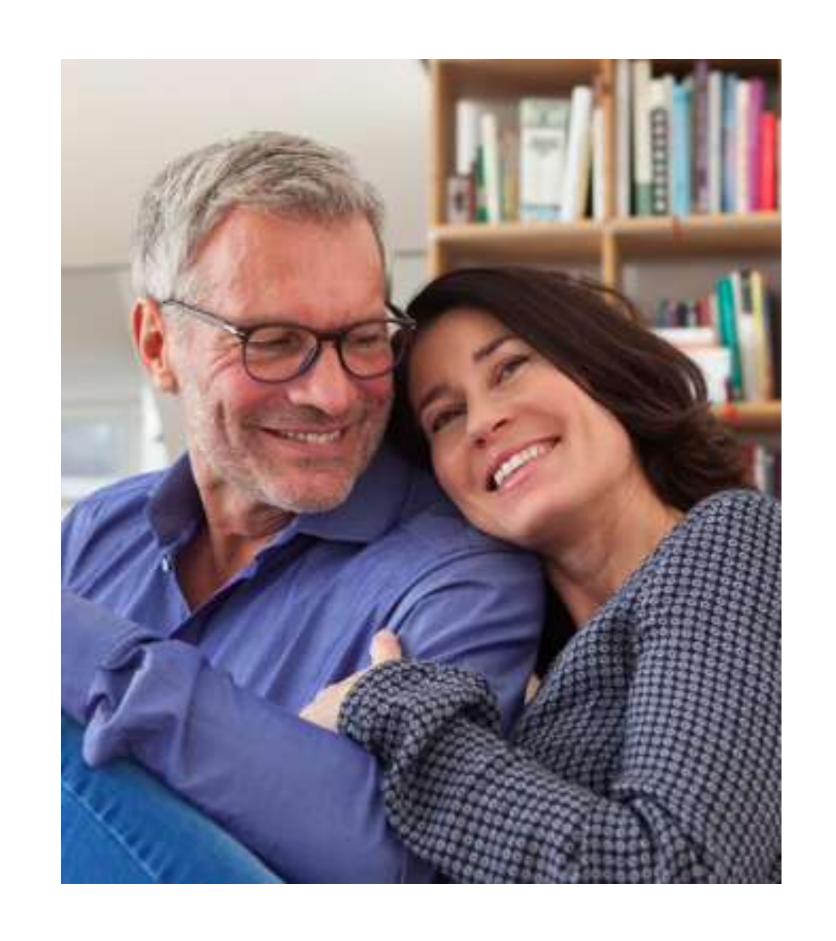
- Around 500,000 citizens are diagnosed with colorectal cancer in Europe every year, of which 250,000 die
- Only 13-15% of patients are diagnosed in Stage I
- Best practice: 48% of patients diagnosed in Stage I, thanks to national population-based screening
- The general application of the best practice could halve the number of deaths annually
- Best practice saves money to the healthcare system

	Stage I	Stage IV
Survival chance	90%	8%
Treatment cost	4,000€	40,000€



Why a Thematic Network?

- With the Thematic Network, we want to create a forum to exchange ideas on the different practices that can be used and improved
- Joint Statement by the end of the year by all national and regional screening agencies, the registries and the ministries of health, including public health together with our national associations
- A first concrete step is to help organise a Colorectal Cancer
 Screening Summit in Brussels on November 30, 2020





Barriers for Screening

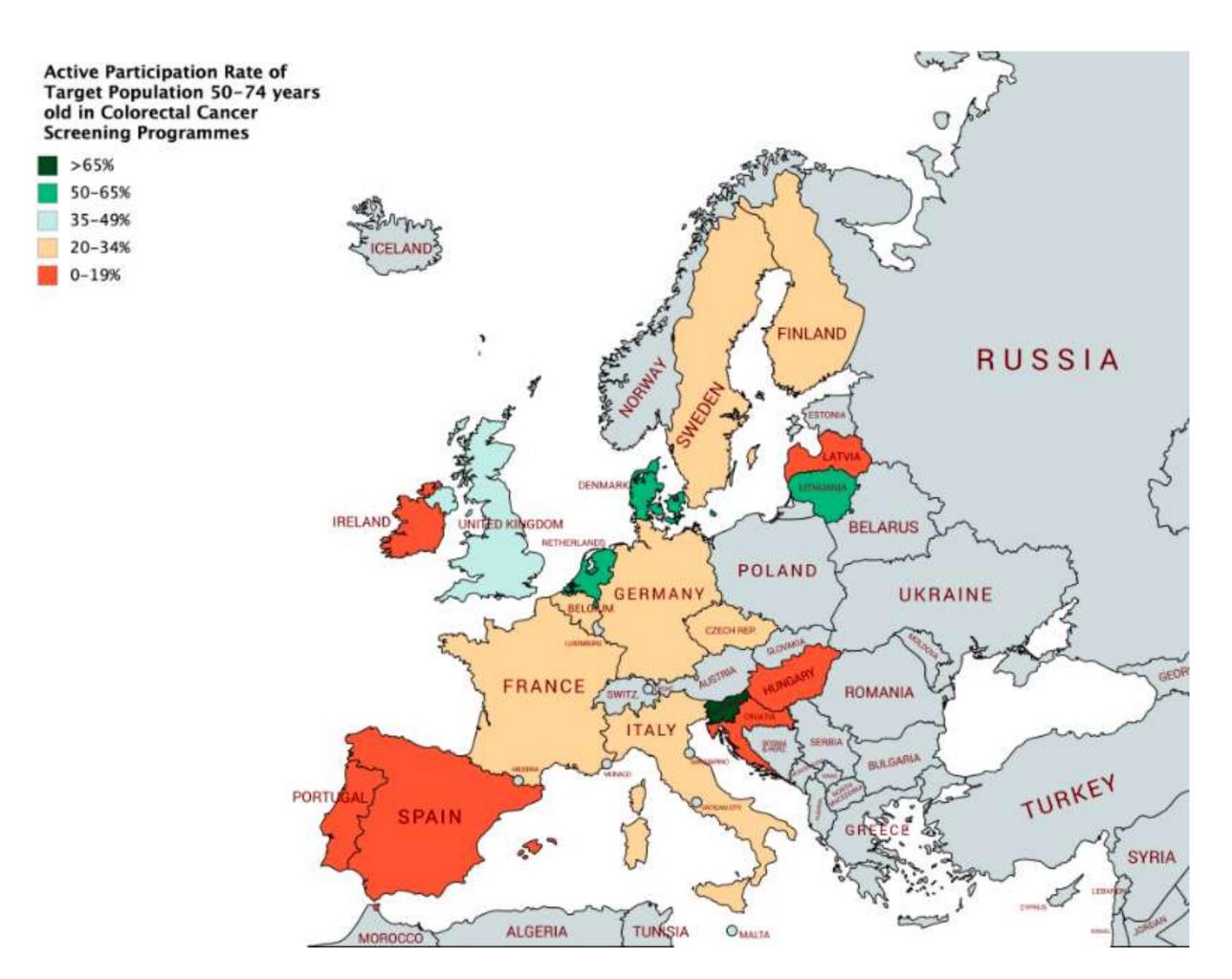
There are many barriers for optimal screening programmes

- the need to **collaborate with many partners**: screening agencies, national ministries of health, hospitals, endoscopists, oncologists, test laboratories, ministry of the interior, general practitioners, patient organisations, ...
- citizen participation rates: what will persuade healthy citizens to get screened? How to make citizens aware of the need to participate, and how to involve minority groups, ...
- organisational aspects: how to align hospital capacity with many newly discovered cancers, allowing to treat patients within acceptable time frames?
- technical aspects: linking patients with databases, and tracking results in integrated IT systems
- funding aspects: even if colorectal cancer has been demonstrated to be cost-saving to the healthcare system, the upfront investment has to be made
- quality assurance: at all levels, taking into account European quality assurance guidelines for cancer screening
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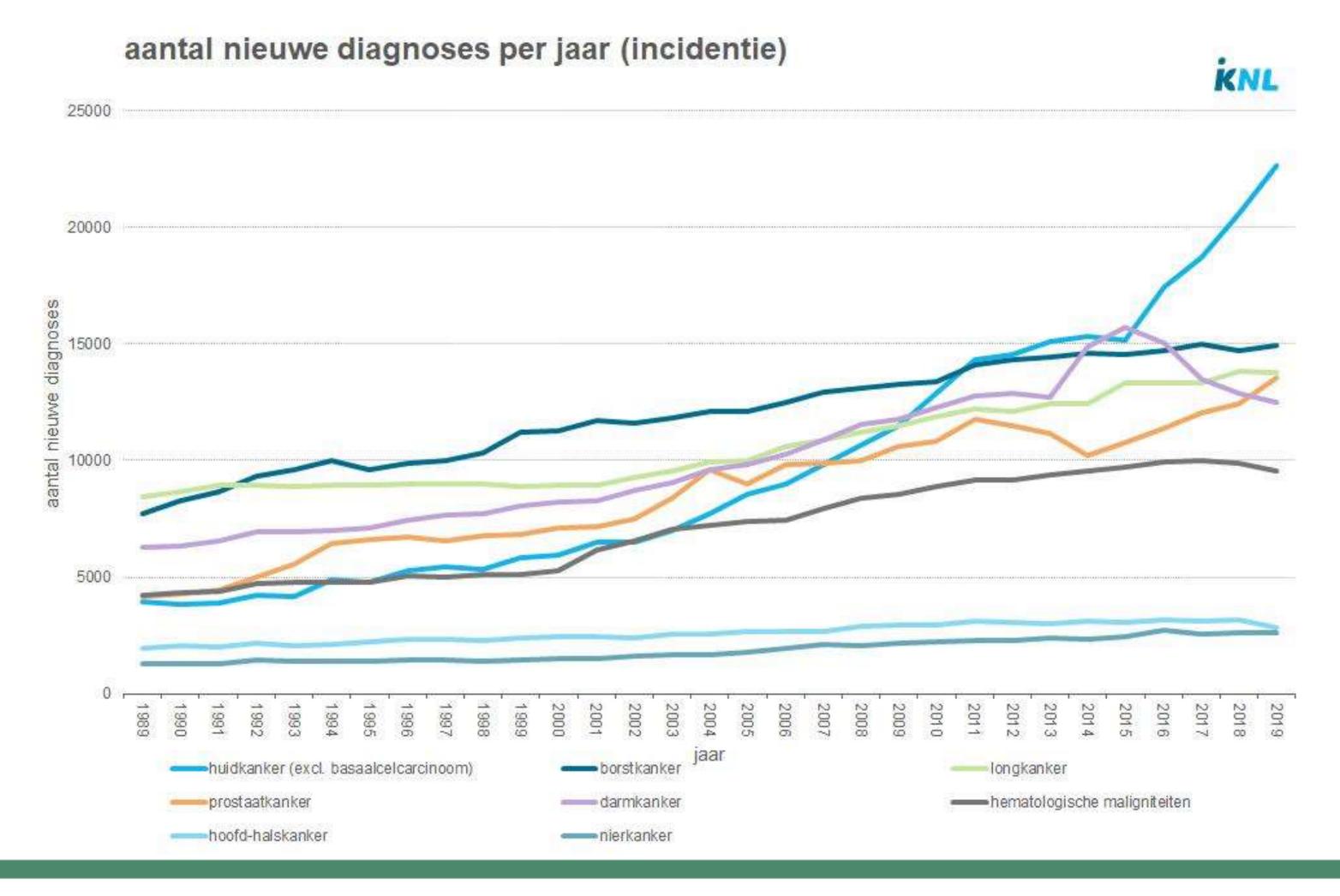
Best practices in CRC Screening

- Based on the double criteria of screening all citizens 50-74 years old with more than 65% participation, only Slovenia achieves the target
- Many countries have no data





Curbing incidence thanks to screening



Colorectal cancer incidence in the Netherlands

(Source: Integraal Kankcercentrum Nederland, February 2020)



Joint Statement

Member State Recommendations

- 1. The development of national implementation plans to achieve the committed goals of 65% participation rate among citizens between 50 and 74 years old as a multidisciplinary and multi-stakeholder effort
- 2. Invest in annual inputs and outcomes metrics
- 3. Invest in technologies and human resources
- 4. Ensure that total health economic value is measured
- 5. Ensure coherence and consistency of the political vision and health policy approaches at local and national level

European Institutions Recommendations

- 6. Ensure that all EU Member States apply the best practices in Colorectal Cancer screening
- 7. Ensure that all EU Colorectal Cancer Screening Agencies join a common platform to exchange best practices

Other stakeholders

8. To commit, participate and provide support, insights and expertise based on every stakeholder's competences and possibilities



